The g7+ Secretariat
Annual Financial Statements
Year ended 31 December 2020
The g7+

Chair of the g7+  
His Excellency Dr. Francis M. Kai Kai  
(from 26 June 2019)

The g7+ Secretariat  
General Secretary of Secretariat  
Dr. Helder da Costa  
Mr. Habib Ur Rehman Mayar  
The g7+ Secretariat  
Kobe House  
Rua Palacio do Governo,  
Dili, Timor-Leste

Deputy General Secretary  

Headquarters

Current the g7+ Member countries  
Afghanistan  
Burundi  
Central African Republic  
Chad  
Comoros  
Cote D’Ivoire  
Democratic Republic of Congo  
Guinea  
Guinea-Bissau  
Haiti  
Liberia  
Papua New Guinea  
Sao Tome and Principe  
Sierra Leone  
Solomon Islands  
Somalia  
South Sudan  
Timor-Leste  
Togo  
Yemen

Banks  
Bank Mandiri  
ANZ

Independent Auditor  
Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Website  
http://www.g7plus.org/
BACKGROUND

The g7+ Secretariat (hereafter the "Secretariat/g7+") facilitates the development of the activities of the g7+. The Secretariat of g7+ is hosted by the Ministry of Finance of the Democratic Republic of Timor-Leste and undertakes its role pursuant to the g7+ Charter and Memorandums of Understanding (MoU) signed between the Government of the Democratic Republic of Timor-Leste and the Secretariat. Funding for the g7+ was approved as part of the State Budget Law 2020 approving an amount of $1,000,000 (2019: $1,500,000) as a grant to support the operational activities of the g7+.

The g7+ is a voluntary association of countries that are or have been affected by conflict and are now in transition to the next stage of development. The main objective of the g7+ is to share experience and learn from one another, and to advocate for reforms to the way the international community engages in conflict-affected states.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies as detailed in Note 1.

RESULTS FOR THE YEAR

During the year to 31 December 2020, the Secretariat received $1,000,000 in grant funding and $45,000 from the Sierra Leone Government as a voluntary contribution for the years 2019-2021.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN STATE OF AFFAIRS

This was the sixth period of operations of the Secretariat, and there were no significant changes in its state of affairs during 2020.

APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 have been approved on behalf of the Secretariat by:

Dr Helder Da Costa
General Secretary
The g7+ Secretariat
19 January 2022
Independent Auditor’s Report to the General Secretary of the g7+ Secretariat

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the g7+ Secretariat (the “Recipient”) which comprises details of the grant monies received and expended, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the Statement by the General Secretary as set out on pages 1 to 9 (the “financial statements”) for the funding period from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, grant monies received and expended by the Recipient, in accordance with the basis of preparation described in Note 1 and the grant monies were expended in accordance with the Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) between the Government of Timor-Leste and the Recipient (the Program) for the funding period from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Recipient in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants’ Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 in the financial statements, which indicates that the Recipient’s previous MoU with the Government of Timor-Leste expired in January 2021. As stated in Note 1 these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Recipient’s ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Emphasis of Matter – Basis of Accounting and Restriction on Distribution and Use

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling management’s financial reporting responsibilities under the MoU between the Government of Timor-Leste and the Recipient. Our report is intended solely for the Secretary General and the Minister of Planning and Finance of Timor-Leste and should not be distributed to or used by any other parties. As a result, the financial statements may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.
Responsibilities of Management and for the Financial Statements

Management of the Recipient is responsible for compliance with the Program and the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements and has determined that the basis of preparation described in Note 1 to the financial statements is appropriate to meet the requirements of the Program and the needs of the Secretary General and the Minister of Planning and Finance of Timor-Leste. Management’s responsibility also includes such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the ability of the Recipient to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intend to liquidate the Recipient or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor’s report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Recipient's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Recipient's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
We communicate with management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Elna Dry
Partner
Chartered Accountants
Darwin, 19 January 2022
## The G7+ Secretariat

**Statement of Income & Expense**

For the year ended 31 December 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Income</th>
<th>Notes</th>
<th>2020 US$</th>
<th>2019 US$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Government Grants</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
<td>1,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funds from SIDA</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voluntary Contributions</td>
<td></td>
<td>45,000</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest Earned</td>
<td></td>
<td>9,052</td>
<td>10,072</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenue from Finland</td>
<td></td>
<td>86,190</td>
<td>147,905</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Income</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>1,993</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Income** 2 1,140,242 1,659,970

**EXPENSES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expense</th>
<th>Notes</th>
<th>2020 US$</th>
<th>2019 US$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Salary &amp; Benefit Costs</td>
<td></td>
<td>377,373</td>
<td>323,137</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administrative Costs</td>
<td></td>
<td>201,942</td>
<td>271,542</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conference &amp; Event Cost</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>241,997</td>
<td>987,974</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Expenses</td>
<td></td>
<td>563</td>
<td>526</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Expenditures** $821,875 $1,583,179

**Net Gain / (Deficit) for the Year**

318,367 76,791

**Total Non-Cash Movements**

20,359 30,114

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Notes</th>
<th>2020 US$</th>
<th>2019 US$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(Decrease)/Increase in cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td></td>
<td>338,726</td>
<td>106,905</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unearned Revenue from Finland</td>
<td></td>
<td>(86,189)</td>
<td>124,502</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unearned Voluntary Contribution</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payments for Lisbon Hub</td>
<td></td>
<td>(245,000)</td>
<td>(178,353)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payments for G7+ Foundation Lisbon</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>(288,750)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,596,475</td>
<td>2,832,170</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Cash and cash equivalents at end of year** 5 2,604,012 2,596,475
Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Accounting policies

General
The g7+ is an intergovernmental organization which is supported by the g7+ Secretariat. The primary role of the Secretariat is to provide policy advice, coordination and assistance in implementing the decisions of the g7+ Ministerial Forum and to coordinate with the focal Ministries of each Member state of the g7+. The financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling management’s financial reporting responsibilities under the Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) between the Government of Timor-Leste and the g7+ Secretariat.

Financial regulations
The General Secretary approved financial regulations on 1 July 2014 and subsequent amendment / upgradation was also approved in 2019. However, as yet almost all financial regulations have been implemented.

Basis of preparation

The basis of preparation for the year ended 31 December 2020 is on accrual basis. On this basis revenue is recognized when earned rather than deposited into the Secretariat’s bank account and expenses are recognized when incurred rather than when paid.

The accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the year and the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates continuity of normal activities and realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

As is generally the case for similar intergovernmental organisations, the ability of the Secretariat to continue its activities as a going concern, including meeting its obligations as and when they fall due and payable, is dependent upon accessing recurrent funding. The current MoU with the Government of Timor-Leste expired in January 2021.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, taking into account the possible renewal of the MoU with the Government of Timor-Leste in December 2021, and the additional grant received from Finland and expected voluntary contributions from g7+ Member States.

However, if the MoU is not renewed and additional grant funding is not obtained, a material uncertainty would exist that may cast significant doubt as to whether the Secretariat will continue as a going concern and therefore whether it will be able to realise its assets and settle its liabilities in the ordinary course of business.


Reporting entity
The reporting entity is the g7+ Secretariat Headquarters at Dili, Timor Leste.

Reporting currency
The reporting currency is United States Dollars (US$).

Foreign currency translation
Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the open market rate or the actual amount of currency paid to settle the transaction. Differences due to foreign currency conversion are booked under Foreign Exchange Gain / Loss.

Authorisation Date
The financial statements were authorised for publication on 19 January 2022 by Dr Helder Da Costa, General Secretary of the g7+ Secretariat.
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Advances and other current assets
All advances are funds advanced to staff, which are to be acquitted upon provision of receipts or repayment of funds. All advances are current assets and required to be repaid within a year. All trade creditors are current liabilities and required to be paid within a year. Credit and debit card balances shown are not in the name of the g7+ but rather in the name of the holders of the cards. All expenses are recognized on accrual basis, which means they are recognized when they are incurred rather than when they are paid.

Revenue
Revenue is recognized on an accrual basis, which means they are recognized when they are earned rather than when received.

Grant income from Government of Timor-Leste
The g7+ Secretariat receives a grant on an annual basis from the Government of Timor-Leste for the activities and operations of the g7+.

Contributions
Each member state of the g7+ is encouraged to make financial contributions to fund its activities and in particular to permit the proper functioning of the Secretariat. The contribution income policy is voluntary for member countries. Sierra Leone has contributed Usd:45,000 for three years 2019-21, which has been accounted as revenue in 2020 upon receipt.

Donation received from the Government of Timor-Leste
On the request of the Government of Timor-Leste, the g7+ Secretariat acted as conduit and thus received donor funding from the Government of Timor-Leste and channelled to other countries on behalf of the Government of Timor-Leste. However, no donation has been received from the Government of Timor-Leste during 2020.

Donation received from the Government of Finland
Government of Finland gave a donation of Euro:250,000 equivalent to US$:272,407 for the activities of the g7+ during the year 2019. Revenue has been brought to account in line the completion of the performance obligation.

Reimbursement of expenditure by third parties
Reimbursements of expenditure is made by donor organisations for the g7+ events.

Interest earned on deposit
Interest is earned on deposits at market rates. Interest is recognized on receipt.

Expenses
Expenses are recognised on an accrual basis. The Secretariat’s expenses comprise payments to employees for salaries, allowances, special advances and payments to external suppliers for provision of goods and services.
The g7+ Secretariat
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 December 2020

Taxation
The Secretariat is exempt from paying taxes on income. Withholding taxes on certain payments to suppliers and wages income tax on employee salaries and wages are payable under the current system of taxation in the Democratic Republic of Timor-Leste.

2. Revenues

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>2020</th>
<th>2019</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grant from Government of Timor-Leste for operational use</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
<td>1,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Donation Received from SIDA - Swedish Government</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Donation Received from Finland Government</td>
<td>86,190</td>
<td>147,905</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voluntary Contribution from Sierra Leone</td>
<td>45,000</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest earned on Deposit at Mandiri Bank</td>
<td>9,052</td>
<td>10,072</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Income</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>1,993</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,140,242</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,659,970</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

During the year, the g7+ Secretariat recognized the following revenues:

3. Conferences, meetings and events

During the year, the g7+ Secretariat incurred the following expenses relating to conferences, meetings and events:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>2020</th>
<th>2019</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The g7+ Global Advocacy</td>
<td>159,432</td>
<td>187,429</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The g7+ Representation</td>
<td>35,134</td>
<td>52,287</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The g7+ National Advocacy</td>
<td>32,572</td>
<td>49,197</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>World Bank/IMF Spring &amp; Annual Meetings</td>
<td>5,630</td>
<td>29,857</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The g7+ Technical Meeting</td>
<td>1,069</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IDPS Global Meeting</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fragile to fragile Corporation</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>98,863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United Nations General Assembly (UNGA)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>50,029</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High Level Political Forum</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>42,454</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)</td>
<td>3,950</td>
<td>35,583</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministerial Meeting</td>
<td>4,210</td>
<td>343,007</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural Resource Management (NRM) Meeting</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>99,268</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>241,997</strong></td>
<td><strong>987,974</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Payments to g7+ Foundation Lisbon:

Payments of Usd:288,750 to Lisbon Foundation were made only in 2019 only to carry out the full implementation of the g7+ European Foundation and in accordance with the article 4 of MOU between g7+ Secretariat and RDTL, however no payment was made in 2020.
5. **Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents is comprised of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2020</th>
<th>2019</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cash at Bank</td>
<td>1,559,072</td>
<td>1,549,486</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deposits with Mandiri Bank</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit and Debit cards</td>
<td>44,873</td>
<td>46,387</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petty cash</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>602</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>2,604,012</strong></td>
<td><strong>2,596,475</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All balances are non-interest earning except for the deposits with Mandiri Bank which earn interest at 0.75% per annum. The deposits with Mandiri Bank are in the form of one certificate of deposits for the amount of USD 1 million, redeemable on presentation at the bank.

As corporate cards are unavailable in Timor-Leste, the credit and debit cards are in the name of General Secretary and Deputy General Secretary of the g7+ and not in the name of g7+. The cards are intended to be used only for business purposes and are subject to the normal acquittal processes.

6. **Subsequent events:**

Despite Timor-Leste’s early, decisive, and timely response on the Covid-19, the situation is quite fragile, volatile, and uncertain. The government of Timor-Leste has barred the foreigners from entering the country, through successive State of Emergency in 2020 and 2021, with a view to preventing community transmission as the top priority. On the economic side, while the government’s short-term approach focused on the demand side, long-run intervention requires increasing domestic production capacity, restructuring the economy and its production factors. This was exacerbated by the calamity (heavy rains and flooding in Dili and other districts of Timor-Leste) on 4 April 2021 which resulted in the loss of life, property and infrastructure.

Despite the formidable challenges posed by the Covid-19 situation, there is an encouraging sign that the existing MoU between the Government of Timor-Leste and the g7+ Secretariat (which expires in January 2021) will be renewed for another five years. Discussion is well underway and the signing of the MoU/Agreement is forthcoming as the Government of Timor-Leste is committed to supporting the g7+ Secretariat in the future. On the other hand, the Finland Government, as development partner, also has expressed its commitment to continue providing financial support to the g7+ Secretariat’s operations at the global level in 2021.

Going forward, the g7+ Secretariat as at year end had sufficient funds available to fund its operations for the next year as a going concern.